



BEFORE WE BEGIN

In Ontario, tobacco and nicotine products - including cigarettes, vapes, vape juice, and nicotine pouches - are not allowed to be in your possession on school property.



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

 Learn more about the 2017 Smoke Free Ontario Act



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Learn more about the 2017 Smoke Free Ontario Act
- Understand student, staff, visitor and facility obligations under the Act



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- Learn more about the 2017 Smoke Free Ontario Act
- Understand student, staff, visitor and facility obligations under the Act
- Gain knowledge of prohibitions and fines



SFOA 2017

The 2017 Smoke Free Ontario Act is the law in our province that determines where and when tobacco and cannabis cigarettes, vapes and other products can be used.







It also governs where, how and to whom tobacco and vapour products can be sold.





PROHIBITED USE

Prohibited Use means any situation in which a person does not meet the law's requirements to use a particular substance.

Anywhere you see these symbols, or signs, it is illegal to smoke or vape.





PROHIBITED USE

Examples of prohibited use include:

- Using cannabis if you are under the age of 19.
- Using a vape product in ANY indoor public space.



SFOA & SCHOOL

The Act covers all places where tobacco and cannabis products can and can't be used and where tobacco and vape products can be sold.

This means it covers schools.



SFOA & SCHOOL

It also means that it is illegal to:

- Smoke or vape tobacco and/or cannabis on school property, and in public areas within 20 metres of a school property.
- Sell or supply tobacco or vapour products (including e-liquid) to anyone under 19 years.



PROHIBITED SUPPLYING

Prohibited (meaning illegal) supplying is selling, giving, gifting or handing a tobacco or vaping product to anyone under the age of 19. This is true even if the owner of the

tobacco or vaping product is ALSO under the age of 19.



FINES FOR PROHIBITED SUPPLYING & USE

- Smoking or vaping on school property is \$305 for a first offense and up to \$5,000 for subsequent offenses.
- Passing someone a cigarette/ecigarette/e-juice or vape (prohibited supplying) is \$490.



FINES FOR PROHIBITED SUPPLYING & USE

 These fines apply to everyone on the school property – students, staff and visitors.



FURTHER OFFENSES

 If you do NOT break the law after this training, you will NOT be charged for the first two recorded offenses.



FURTHER OFFENSES

 If you DO break the law after this training, you will be charged with the most recent offence and your previous offences may be included within the charge.



FURTHER OFFENSES

• You could face each charge up to the maximum penalty under the law which is \$5,000 for use on school property and/or \$490 for supply.



In this module, we have covered:

• Who can use and purchase tobacco and vape products legally



In this module, we have covered:

- Who can use and purchase tobacco and vape products legally
- Where tobacco, nicotine and cannabis products cannot be used



In this module, we have covered:

- Who can use and purchase tobacco and vape products legally
- Where tobacco, nicotine and cannabis products cannot be used
- How the Smoke Free Ontario Act applies to schools



In this module, we have covered:

- Who can use and purchase tobacco and vape products legally
- Where tobacco, nicotine and cannabis products cannot be used
- How the Smoke Free Ontario Act applies to schools
- What the penalties are for using or supplying these products in a way that is against The Act

